p (f		
p (I	Question	Answer
(1	We are a tribal clinic with one full-time physician, one part-time pediatrician, one part-time physicians assistant	Clinics are not directly eligible for the Medicaid EHR Incentive Program payments, however if the practitioners at your clinic meet the eligibility criteria and successfully adopt, implement, upgrade or meaningfully use certified EHR technology, they may choose to reassign their incentive payments to your clinic. Your clinic would need to have a taxpayer identification number (TIN) that is already
(6	(PA). Are we going to receive electronic health record	established with the State Medicaid agency. A PA is eligible only if your FQHC or RHC is led by a PA. Our Stage 1 final rule preamble discusses what it means for a PA to have lead role in an FQHC or
	(EHR) incentive payments directly from Medicaid?	RHC at page 44483.To view the Stage 1 final rule for the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs, please visit: http://edocket.access.gpo.gov/2010/pdf/2010-17207.pdf. For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10128
		about the medicale and internate in logically please that http://www.clinsgory.Elimine.ntver.logicalis neywords. 1 Actor20
	Are physicians who are employed directly by a tribally-	Physicians are one of the categories of eligible professionals under the Medicaid EHR Incentive Program. If they meet the other program eligibility requirements (they can demonstrate 30% Medicaid
	operated facility and who meet all other eligibility requirements eligible for payments under the Medicaid	patient volume, they've adopted, implemented, upgraded or meaningfully used certified EHR technology, they are not hospital-based, etc.) then the fact that they are employed by a tribally-operated facility is irrelevant. For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, please visit A http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10517
	EHR Incentive Program?	
3379 [8	[EHR Incentive Programs] How are Medicare EHR	CAHs are currently paid based on reasonable cost principles; therefore, their EHR incentive payments are calculated differently from the incentive payments to subsection (d) hospitals. A CAH must
Îr	Incentive Payments Calculated for Critical Access	meet the definition of a meaningful EHR user to qualify to be paid the incentive payment for a payment year. A payment year means a Federal fiscal year beginning after FY 2010 and before FY 2016.
н	Hospitals (CAHs)?	In no case are incentive payments made with respect to cost reporting periods that begin during a payment year before FY 2011 or after FY 2015, and in no case may a CAH receive an incentive payment with respect to more than 4 consecutive payment years. The incentive payment made to a qualifying CAH equals: [Allowable cost amount] * [Medicare Share]. The allowable cost amount
		equals the costs of depreciable assets purchased, such as computers and associated software, necessary to administer certified EHR technology. The incentive payment permits a qualifying CAH to
		expense the allowable cost amount in a single payment year rather than depreciating the costs over the useful life of the purchased asset. The allowable cost amount for a cost reporting period that begins in a payment year includes the reasonable cost incurred for the purchase of certified EHR technology in the payment year plus the undepreciated costs for assets purchased, prior to the CAH.
		becoming qualified, that are also being used to administer certified EHR technology in that payment year. The Medicare Share is a fraction based on Medicare fee-for-service and managed care
		inpatient days, divided by total inpatient days, modified by charges for charity care: (1) The number of inpatient-bed-days which are attributable to individuals with respect to whom payment may be made under Part A, including individuals enrolled in section 1876 Medicare cost plans; and (2) The number of inpatient-bed-days which are attributable to individuals who are enrolled with a Medicare.
		Advantage organization Denominator = Total number of acute care inpatient-bed-days, * ((Total amount of the eligible hospital's charges - charges attributable to charity care)/Total amount of the
		eligible hospital's charges)) For CAHs, 20 percentage points are added to the Medicare Share calculation (not to exceed 100 percent). In order for the CAH to receive its interim incentive payment, upon attestation, it must submit supporting documentation for its incurred costs of purchasing certified EHR technology to its Medicare contractor (Fiscal Intermediary/Medicare Administrative
		Contractor). The Medicare contractor will then calculate the allowable amount. The interim incentive payment is then subject to reconciliation to determine the final incentive payment amount. The
		final payment amount constitutes payment in full for the reasonable costs incurred for the purchase of certified EHR technology in the single payment year. For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentiveProgramsKeywords: FAQ10718
		and wedness this incense in Ogran, press voic http://www.insgov/timincentiverrogranisseywords.in/tio/10
3387 C	Can a Critical Access Hospital (CAH) include costs to	Under the statute and the regulations, the CAHs EHR incentive payment shall only include reasonable costs for the purchase of certified EHR technology to which purchase depreciation (excluding
	lease/rent certified EHR technology in the Medicare EHR	Interest) would apply. There are two types of lease agreements that a CAH may enter into to administer their EHR system an operating lease or a capital lease. OPERATING LEASE An operating lease
ır	incentive payment?	Is merely a lease that involves an asset that is purchased, owned, and depreciated by the lessor and the lessee (the CAH) signs the lease agreement with the lessor to use the asset by paying a lease/mental fee for the term of the lease. The asset is returned to the lessor at the end of the lease without further obligation. Generally, the CAH can claim the entire lease/mental payment under an
		operating lease as an operating expense, unrelated to depreciation expenses. With an operating lease, the CAH does not purchase, own, or depreciate the asset, and the lease/rental expense does not
		meet the intent of the statute and regulations. .Therefore, operating lease/rental expenses are not included in the CAH incentive payment. The CAH may, however, continue to include the poperating lease expenses on its cost report, subject to reasonable cost principles. CAPITAL LEASE A capital lease agreement is essentially the same as a virtual purchase agreement, as defined in 42 CFI
		413.130(b)(8) of the regulations and the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual (PRM), (CMS Pub. 15-1) section 110.B.1.b. A capital lease is treated as though the CAH (lessee) purchased the asse
		and the capital-related costs may not exceed the amount that the lessee would have included in capital-related costs if it had legal title to the asset (the cost of ownership). Antsp;The cost of lownership includes straight-line depreciation, insurance and interest for computing the limitation. Antsp;To be a capital lease, the agreement must satisfy at least one of the four conditions
		established by the Federal Accounting Standards Board (FASB). Similar to the FASB conditions, under CMS Pub. 15-1, section 110.B.1.b., a lease that meets any one of the following four conditions
		establishes a virtual purchase (otherwise the lease is considered an operating lease). The lease transfers title of the facilities or equipment to the lessee during the lease term, The lease contains a bargain purchase option, The lease term is 75 percent or more of the useful life of the facilities or equipment. 8 and possible in the lease term is 75 percent or more of the useful life of the facilities or equipment. 8 and possible in the lease term is 75 percent or more of the lease term.
		useful life of the facilities or equipment, or The present value of the minimum lease payments (that is, payments to be made during the lease term, including bargain purchase option, guaranteed
		residual value, or penalties for failure to renew) equal 90 percent or more of the fair market value of the leased property. This provision is not applicable if the lease begins in the last 25 percent of the upseful life of the facilities or equipment. The present value is computed using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate, unless the interest rate implicit in the lease is known and is less than the lessee's.
		incremental borrowing rate, in which case, the interest rate implicit in the lease is used. Based on these criteria, a capital lease or virtual purchase meets the intent of the statute and regulation to
		qualify the leased asset as a purchased asset. Therefore, the CAHs' incentive payment may include the "cost" of such leased asset which must be based on the fair market value of the asset (see 42 CFR 413.134(b)(2)) at the date the lease was initiated. &nosp Other costs of ownership such as interest and insurance related to the virtual purchase lease shall not be included in the asset's cost for
		the purpose of the EHR incentive payment. However, the portion of the rental expense with interest and insurance portion of the cost of ownership of such virtual purchase asset (see
		CMS Pub. 15-1, section 110.8.1.b.) may continue to be included on the cost report as reimbursable cost subject to the limitation on rental charges which are allowed under a virtual purchase lease (see CMS Pub. 15-1, section 110.8.1.b.2.). (See also the instructions for Form CMS-2552-10, W/S A-8, Line 32 describing the computation of the limitation.) In order to include the reasonable cost of
		Issee CMP FOUL 19-1; Section 11.08-1.102-1; (See asso tile institution of information of informa
		meets the criteria of a virtual purchase lease as described above and that the "cost" of the asset was determined using the fair market value at the date the lease was initiated. For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10722
		and the medical control contro
2849 V	What provisions are there for tribal clinics to receive	Clinics are not eligible for EHR incentive payments. However, eligible professionals who qualify for an EHR incentive payment may reassign that payment to the taxpayer identification number (TIN) of
р	payments from the Medicare and Medicaid Electronic	their employer, if they so choose. You are correct that eligible professionals must choose either the Medicare or the Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, and may not simultaneously receive payments
	Health Record (EHR) Incentive Program, rather than the physicians themselves - especially when it is a family	from both programs if they qualify for both. They may make a one-time switch after having received an incentive payment, but the switch must occur before 2015. For more information about the Medicare and Medicard EHR incentive Programs, please wist at http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10129
n	medicine practice? I heard there were certain	
	percentage of patients that had to be either Medicare or Medicaid and that a physician had to decide which they	
	were going to apply for. What if their practice includes	
	both types of patients?	
	If a patient is dually eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid, can they be counted twice by hospitals in their	For purposes of calculating the Medicaid share, a patient cannot be counted in the numerator if they would count for purposes of calculating the Medicare share. Thus, in this respect the inpatient bed day of a dually eligible patient could not be counted in the Medicaid share numerator. (See 1903(t)(5)(C), stating that the numerator of the Medicaid share does not include individuals "described
	calculations if they are applying for electronic health	in section 1886(n)(2)(0)(i) ⁻) in other respects, however, the patient would count twice. For example, in both cases, the individual would count in the total discharges of the hospital. To view the final
	record (EHR) incentive payments through both the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Programs?	rule for the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive programs, please visit: http://edocket.access.gop.gov/2010/pdf/2010-17207.pdf For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR
IV.	wiedicare and iviedicald Env incentive Programs:	Incentive Program, please visit a http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ 10070
3375 V	When will a Medicare Subsection (d) Hospital be paid	Upon submission of a successful attestation of meaningful use, the hospital will be eligible for an EHR incentive payment. The hospital will receive a preliminary, initial payment soon after attestation
	under the Medicare EHR Incentive Program?	(usually within 4 to 6 weeks). The initial payment will be calculated based on the data reported on the hospital's latest submitted 12-month cost report. Final payment will then be determined at the
		time of settling the first 12-month hospital cost report for the hospital fiscal year that begins on or after the first day of the payment year. Preliminary payments will be reconciled to the actual amounts at final settlement of the cost report. Example - A hospital has a December 31 fiscal year end, and attests as a meaningful user on August 1, 2011. At the time of such attestation: The latest
		filed cost report will most likely be the fiscal year end December 31, 2010 cost report. Land from that cost a from that cost and the state of the cost of the cos
		contractor). Final payment will be based on data from the fiscal year end December 31, 2011 cost report. This is the first 12-month cost reporting period that begins in payment year 2011 (which is
		Federal fiscal year 2011). These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial narment at final cattlement of the cost report. The new Maddison hamiltain sect report.
		Federal fiscal year 2011). These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain worksheets to accommodate the EHR incentive payments. Note - the EHR incentive payments will be made by a single payment contractor, and not by the hospitals' Medicare contractor (Fiscal
		Federal fiscal year 2011). These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain
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3381 V	When will a Critical Access Hospital (CAH) receive its	Federal fiscal year 2011. These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain worksheets to accommodate the EHR incentive payments. Note - the EHR incentive payments will be made by a single payment contractor, and not by the hospitals' Medicare contractor (Fiscal intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor). For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms
	When will a Critical Access Hospital (CAH) receive its Medicare EHR incentive payment?	Federal fiscal year 2011, These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain worksheets to accommodate the EHR incentive payments. Note - the EHR incentive payments will be made by a single payment contractor, and not by the hospitals' Medicare contractor (Fiscal intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor). For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRincentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10716 Upon submission of a successful attestation, the CAH will be eligible for an EHR incentive payment. In order for the incentive payment to be calculated, the CAH must submit documentation to its Medicare contractor (Fiscal intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor) to support the costs incurred for certified EHR technology. Once the Medicare contractor calculates the allowable
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		Federal fiscal year 2011). These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain workshest to accommodate the His Incentive payments. Note - the His Incentive payments will be made by a single payer contractor of the Other Contractor of the Contractor of t
		Federal fiscal year 2011. These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain workshest to accommodate the EHR incentive payments. Note - the EHR incentive payments will be made by a single payment contractor, and not by the hospitals' Medicare contractor (Fiscal intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor). For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRincentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10716 Upon submission of a successful attestation, the CAH will be eligible for an EHR incentive payment. In order for the incentive payment to be calculated, the CAH must submit documentation to its Medicare contractor (Fiscal Intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor) to support the costs incurred for certified EHR technology, Once the Medicare contractor calculates the allowable amount and Medicare Share the CAH should expect its interim incentive payment within a to 6 weeks. The CAH will receive payment that will late the reconciled on the Medicare cost report. The interim payment will be calculated using the Medicare Share based on the data reported on the hospital's latest submitted 12-month cost report. The interim payment will be included on the CAH's cost report that begins during the payment year, and will be reconciled to the actual amounts at final settlement of the cost report. Example - If a hospital has a December 31, fiscal year end, and attests stull most likely because an meaningful user on August 1, 2011. The latest field cost report when the CAH attests will most killedy because a meaningful user on August 1, 2012. The latest field cost report when the CAH attests will most killedy because a meaningful user on August 1, 2012. The latest field cost report the study and the calculated and that cost is constructed to the cost and the calculated that on that cost is constructed to the cost and the calculated that the cost of
		Federal fiscal year 2011, These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain workshest to accommodate the HRI incentive payments. Note - the HRI incentive payments will be made by a single paying she Medicare contractor (Fiscal intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor). For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRincentivePrograms Keywords: FAQI0716 Upon submission of a successful attestation, the CAH will be eligible for an EHR incentive payment. In order for the incentive payment to be calculated, the CAH must submit documentation to its Medicare contractor (Fiscal Intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor) to support the costs incurred for certified EHR technology. Once the Medicare contractor calculates the allowable amount and Medicare Share the ARH should expect its interfin incentive payment with at 0 6 weeks. The CAH will receive payment that will late the reconciled on the Medicare cost report. The interim payment will be calculated using the Medicare Share hased on the data reported on the hospital's latest submitted 12-month cost report. The interim payment will be calculated using the Medicare Share hased on the data reported on the hospital's latest submitted 12-month cost report. The interim payment will be calculated using the Medicare Share hased on the data reported on the hospital's latest submitted 12-month cost report. The interim payment will be calculated using the Medicare Share hased on the data accounts at final settlement of the cost report. Example: 1 if a hospital has a December 31 sized year end, and attests as a meaningful user on August 1, 2011: The latest filed cost report when the CAH attests will most likely be the fiscal year end December 31, 2010 cost report. The data on that cost report will be used to calculate the Medicare Share for the initial payment. The cost report when th
		Federal fiscal year 2011). These data will be used to "reconcile" the initial payment, at final settlement of the cost report. The new Medicare hospital cost report, Form CMS 2552-10, will contain worksheets to accommodate the HRI incentive payments. Note - the HRI incentive payments will be made by a single payer contractor of not by the hospitals' Medicare contractor (Fiscal Intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor). For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRincentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10716 Upon submission of a successful attestation, the CAH will be eligible for an EHR incentive payment. In order for the incentive payment to be calculated, the CAH must submit documentation to its Medicare contractor (Fiscal Intermediary/Medicare Administrative Contractor) to support the costs incurred for certified EHR technology. Once the Medicare contractor calculates the allowable amount and Medicare Share the CAH should expect its interim incentive payment within 4 to 6 weeks. The CAH will receive an interim incentive payment that will later be reconciled on the Medicare contractor step or the interim payment will be included on the CAH's cost report. The interim payment will be included on the CAH's cost report table using the Medicare Share based on the data reported on the hospital's latest submitted 12-month cost report. The interim payment will be included on the CAH's cost report. Example: If a hospital has a December 31 fiscal year end, and attests as a meaningful user on August 1, 2011: The latest field cost report when the CAH attests will most likely be the fiscal year end December 31, 2010 cost report. The fiscal year end to calculated two (which is the federal fiscal year) is the fiscal year.
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3095	Under the Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, is there a minimum number of hours per week that an eligible professional (EP) must practice in order to qualify for an incentive payment or could a part-time EP qualify for Medicaid incentive payments if the EP meets all other eligibility criteria?	Yes, a part-time EP who meets all other eligibility requirements could qualify for payments under the Medicaid EHR Incentive Program. There are no restrictions on employment type (e.g., contractual, permanent, or temporary) in order to be a Medicaid eligible professional. For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRIncentivePrograms* Keywords: FAQ10520
2905	What is the definition of "reasonable cost" for critical access hospitals (CAHs) under the Medicare and Medicard Electronic Health Records (EHR) incentive Programs?	The reasonable costs for which a CAH may receive an EHR incentive payment are the reasonable acquisition costs for the purchase of certified EHR technology to which purchase depreciation (excluding interest) would otherwise apply. Section 495.106(a) of the regulations states that reasonable costs incurred for the purchase of certified EHR technology for a qualifying CAH means the reasonable cost payment of or the regulation costs incurred for the purchase of other called assets as described in part 413 subpart G of the regulations, such as computers and associated hardware and software, necessary to administer certified EHR technology as defined in section 495.4 excluding any depreciation and interest expenses associated with the acquisition. This EHR incentive payment provision allows a qualifying asket in a single payment year instead of depreciating the acquisition costs over the useful life of the asset. If a qualifying CAH incurs non-depreciable expenses related to implementing/maintaining its EHR system, those expenses cannot be included in the EHR incentive payment. However, those expenses may be an allowable cost for Medicare payment purposes, under the current reasonable cost payment methodology for CAHs, in the cost reporting period in which such expenses are incurred. For example, if a qualifying CAH rents its EHR technology assets, instead of purchasing the assets, the rent expense cannot be included in the EHR incentive payment. However, the rent expense may be an allowable cost for Medicare payment purposes, under the current reasonable cost payment methodology for CAHs, in the cost reporting period in which such expense is incurred. Qualifying CAHs should contact their Medicare contractor to an exerceptation or reasonable costs that will be included in the calculation of the EHR incentive payment. For more information about the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Program, please visit http://www.cms.gov/EHRincentivePrograms Keywords: FAQ10163